

**Year 12 Mathematics Specialist 3,4**  
**Test 1 2021**

Section 1 Calculator Free  
**Complex Numbers, Functions and Sketching Graphs**

**STUDENT'S NAME** \_\_\_\_\_

**DATE:** Wednesday 3 March

**TIME:** 20 minutes

**MARKS:** 20

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

Standard Items: Pens, pencils, drawing templates, eraser

Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

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1. (4 marks)

Given  $z = 1 + \sqrt{3}i$ , determine

(a)  $3zi$  [2]

(b)  $Arg\left(\frac{-4}{z}\right)$  [2]

2. (5 marks)

Consider  $f(z) = z^3 - 4z^2 + 6z - 4$  where  $z$  is a complex number.

(a) Show that  $(z - 2)$  is a factor of  $f(z)$ . [2]

(b) Solve the equation  $z^3 - 4z^2 + 6z - 4 = 0$  [3]

3. (6 marks)

For the equation  $z^4 = -2i$ ;

(a) Solve the equation giving the solutions in polar form. [4]

(b) A regular polygon is formed from the roots to the equation. Determine the exact area of the polygon. [2]

4. (5 marks)

Functions  $f$  and  $g$  are defined as  $f(x) = x^2 - 1$  and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$

(a) Determine an expression for  $g \circ f(x)$ . [1]

(b) For  $g \circ f(x)$ , state the:

(i) domain. [2]

(ii) range. [2]



**Year 12 Mathematics Specialist 3,4  
Test 1 2021**

**Section 2 Calculator Assumed  
Complex Numbers, Functions and Sketching Graphs**

**STUDENT'S NAME** \_\_\_\_\_

**DATE:** Wednesday 3 March

**TIME:** 30 minutes

**MARKS:** 30

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

Standard Items: Pens, pencils, drawing templates, eraser

Special Items: Three calculators, notes on one side of a single A4 page (these notes to be handed in with this assessment)

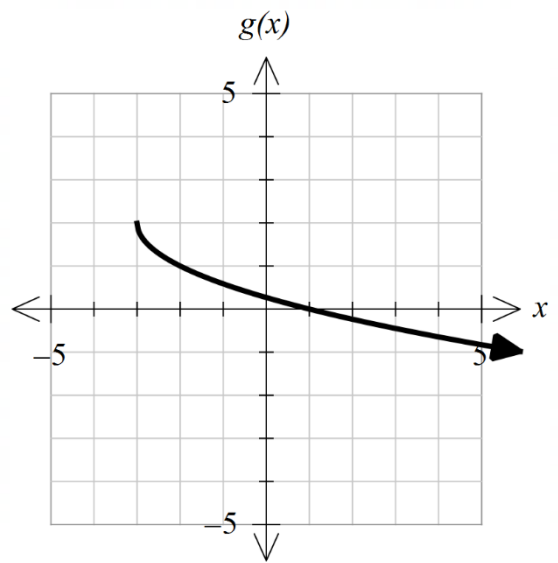
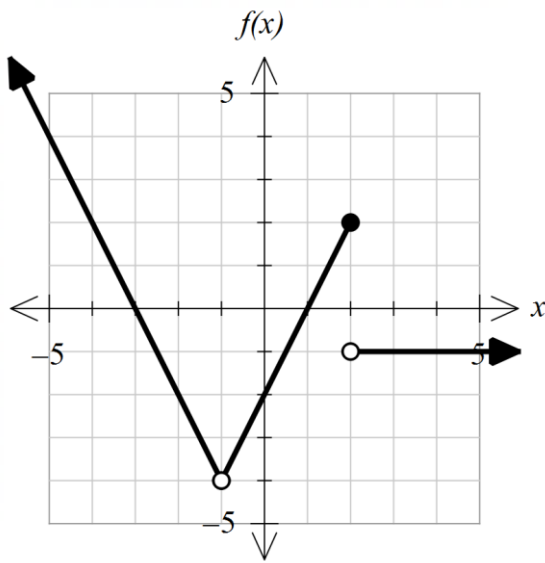
Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

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5. (12 marks)

The sketch of the graph of  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = g(x)$  is shown below:



(a) Sketch the graph of  $y = g^{-1}(x)$  on the axes above. [2]

(b) Calculate the value of:

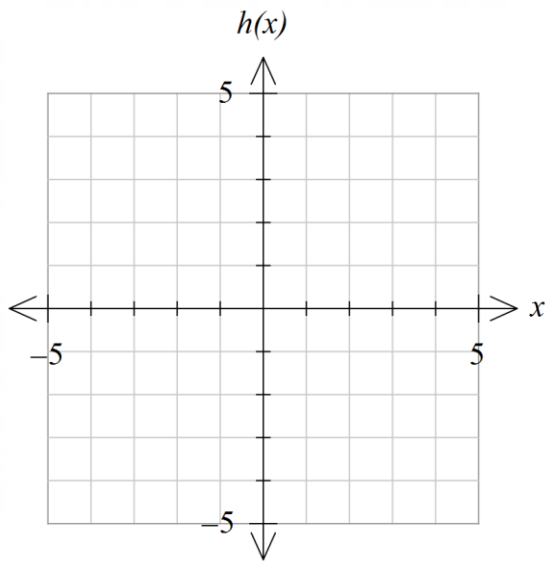
(i)  $f \circ g(-3)$  [1]

(ii)  $f \circ g^{-1}(2)$  [1]

(iii) Explain why it is not possible to calculate  $g \circ f^{-1}(2)$  [1]

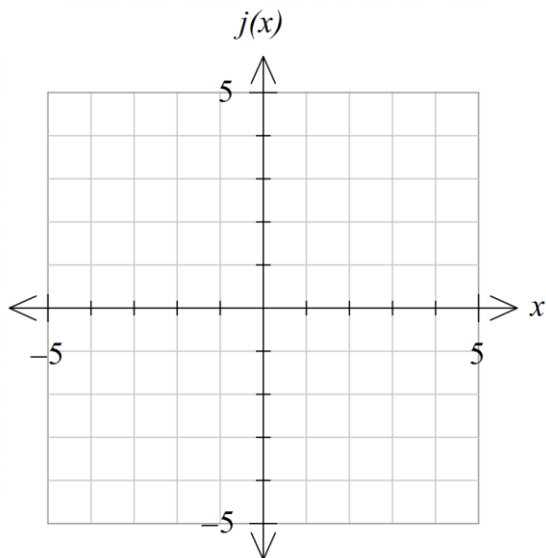
- (c) Sketch the graph of  $h(x) = \frac{1}{f(x)}$  on the axes below.

[4]



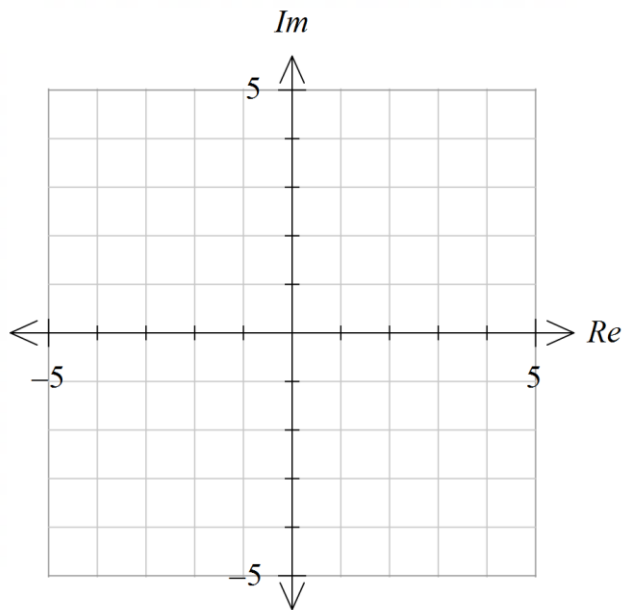
- (d) Sketch the graph of  $j(x) = |f(x)|$

[3]

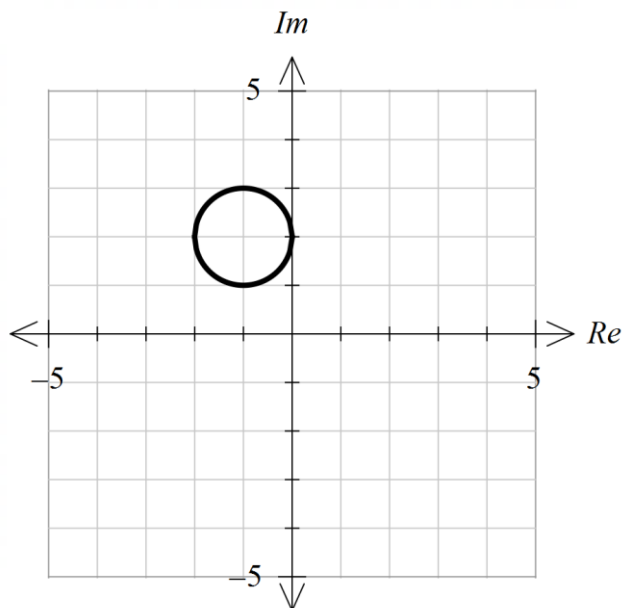


6. (8 marks)

(a) Sketch the locus of the equation  $|z + 2| \geq |z - i|$  in the Argand diagram below. [3]



(b) The sketch of the locus of a complex number  $z = x + iy$  is shown below.



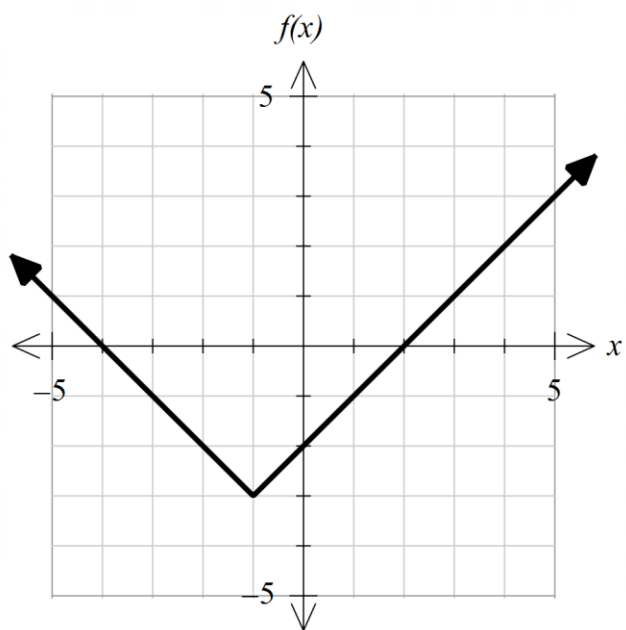
(i) Given that the equation for the above locus is written as  $|z + a| = b$ , determine the value of  $a$  and  $b$ . [2]

(ii) Determine the minimum value for  $\text{Arg}(z + 1)$  as an exact value. [3]



7. (4 marks)

The sketch of the graph of  $y = f(x)$  is shown below.



Consider the equation  $|f(x)| = k$  where  $k$  is any real constant.

Determine the value(s) of  $k$  such that  $|f(x)| = k$  has two real solutions.

8. (6 marks)

Sketch the locus of points in the case where  $z$  satisfies  $\{z; z \in \mathbb{C}, \text{Arg}\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}\}$

